

Better Together

Building a Better Future for Britain, Europe and Rest of the World

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1. Introduction

By the end of 2017, Britain will have voted on whether to stay in or leave the European Union. Over the next two years, the future of Europe will be central to its debate. The UK's referendum campaign will be unpredictable and potentially transformed by Britain's success (or otherwise) in renegotiating the terms of its membership, or the ongoing financial and economic crises in Eurozone, migrant or refugee crises, EU-NATO and Russia's ongoing tensions in Eastern Europe, or EU's greatest problem : crises of identity and confidence causing the rise of anti-EU populist movements in several EU states. There is a risk that Europe's great peace-promoting project will start to unravel.

Historically, Europe has been the planet's most violent continent: Today, this truth is almost forgotten, a testament to the remarkable change in Europe's internal relations after 1945. Until that point, war was a perpetual fact of European life. What changed?

Put simply, European countries systematically cancelled their own motives for war. I would like to dispense with alternative explanations for peace, such as culture change, the threat of Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD) or the security "guarantee" provided by the United States and NATO. Instead, it was Europe's institutional alignment and economic integration in European Coal and Steel Community, than European Economic Community and finally European Union. In my forthcoming book, "Exporting Europe's Peace" I have identified 10 institutional peace promoting mechanisms that dispelled the mutual belligerence in Europe, creating permanent peace.

"Putting the European Union together, getting the countries of Western Europe to settle their differences peacefully was miraculous."

10 Peace Factors Made War Unthinkable in Europe

The 10 peace promoting factors are: 1. Enshrined Democracy and Rule of Law 2. Economic Truce 3. Open Borders and Human Ties 4. Soft Power and Shared Values 5. Permanent Discussion, Dialogue and Diplomacy 6. Financial Incentives and Support 7. Veto and Consensus Building 8. Resistance to External Interference 9. Rules, Human Rights and Multiculturalism 10. Mutual Trust and Peaceful Coexistence

These 10 factors prevented inter-state conflict during the latter half of the 20th Century by defusing specific flashpoints in Western Europe. These included the territorial dispute between Spain and the UK over Gibraltar; the dispute between the UK and Ireland over the six counties of Ulster; and secessionist movements in Spain, Belgium and in Scotland.

The framework that delivered these 10 mechanisms is today the European Union. The EU grew out of smaller and less ambitious regional bodies such as the European Coal and Steel Community and then the European Economic Community. The 10 principles for peaceful co-

existence swiftly accreted around these structures. They provided a template for other continents to follow.

The success of the European Union has been in establishing a 'positive peace'. This kind of peace is established when different nations, groups of people or organisations become so vested in the interests of one another, and dependent on mutual cooperation, that the prospect of conflict becomes remote to the point of impossibility. In a remarkably short length of time – Europe has peace and cooperation where before there was conflict and cynicism. It is also worth emphasising that Britain has played a key role in all of it.

Europe is peaceful and we need to remember how novel that is, why it is an achievement and, most importantly, what led to it being so normal that we don't even question it any more. Namely, it is the structures, organisations and processes of the European Union and Britain's role in all of those.

2. Benefits of the UK Staying in the EU

Through the “Europe for Peace - Count me in” educational campaign, Uniting for Peace aims to contribute in a positive manner in the upcoming referendum to highlight EU’s peace endeavour by focusing on three areas.

Firstly it highlights how the European Union’s peace-building institutions have successfully kept Europe peaceful for 70 years – longest in the history of Europe – bringing prosperity to the peoples of the continent. Secondly, it works on the essential and urgent EU reforms needed to keep the European Union project relevant to all European citizens – especially challenging its pro-NATO alignment, democratic deficit and its neo-liberal economic agenda. Thirdly, the campaign addresses the arguments of the Brexit campaign and the consequences of the UK’s exit from Europe. It urges the UK to take the lead, to put the common European interests ahead of narrow national interests, in short reaffirming foundation purpose of EU. The UK as part of a team of 28 countries can not only preserve peace in Europe but also build a community spirit which can bind all Europe economically, culturally, socially, and politically. More importantly the Uniting for Peace “Europe for Peace – Count Me In” campaign aims to open a dialogue between the yes and no campaigns, to work together to create a common vision in which Europe can help humanity survive the current global crises and build a hopeful future.

The positive benefits of the longest period of peace in the history of Europe are evident to EU citizens as they enjoy the fruits of prosperity achieved through greater economic cooperation, trade and free-flow of goods, services, people and capital across borders. “Europe for Peace – Count Me In” educational campaign will connect with communities across the country to dispel

EU myths. It will highlight increasing interdependence of living together for economic growth, jobs and prosperity.

The “Europe for Peace - Count me in” educational campaign aims at highlighting the EU’s achievements in building fraternity among nations to solve problems through dialogue, negotiations, international law and human rights. The latter is a natural consequence of the former. If there is peace and prosperity, the need for armies, militarism, war and military pacts such as NATO will phase out. The campaign also enables present generations to recognise that millions of lives were lost in two world wars that began on European soil. The EU institutions have made the biggest contribution to peace and democracy in Europe and beyond making further European wars unthinkable.

JOBS

- Millions of British jobs are linked to our EU membership.
- £26.5 billion is invested in Britain by EU countries every year.
- British workers benefit from EU agreements on workers’ rights, including the right to holiday pay, paid maternity and paternity leave, anti-discrimination laws, equal pay and protection for agency workers.

EXPORTS

- Exports to the EU are worth £227 billion a year to the British economy.
- The EU is Britain’s biggest export market: almost half of all of Britain’s exports go to the EU.

SECURITY

- Thousands of criminals, including terrorists, have been arrested under the European Arrest Warrant.
- Being in the EU enhances Britain’s global influence and allows us to take our place at the top table.

3. Dangers of the UK’s Exit of the EU

As with all big organisations, like the UN, World Bank, IMF etc., EU has to address new challenges which were not anticipated at its inception. EU recognises that it now faces its greatest ever crisis: the ongoing financial and economic crisis in the Eurozone, the refugee and migrant crisis, civil war in Eastern Europe, and the crisis of confidence in the EU causing the rise of anti-EU populist movements in several EU states. Furthermore, urgent EU reforms should

include - its pro-NATO alignment, the democratic deficit, its neo-liberal economic agenda and addressing the recent refugee crisis.

EU's arms export are counterproductive to European security which is evident from the situation developing in Eastern Europe with the West including NATO and Russia starting a dangerous new cold war. It benefits elites on both sides of the divide. In the West the tension with Russia has given NATO a new lease of life and made it easier Western arms manufacturers to sell their goods. Every NATO member is being urged to commit 2% of GDP to defence spending. It has also benefited Russian arms companies as Russia been increasing its military spending particularly on high tech weapons.

Over the period of 2010-2014, EU Member States were responsible for 25.4% of the deliveries of major conventional weapons, which made EU the third largest arms supplier in the world, after the US and Russia. Much of those arms were exported to non-democratic countries that regularly violate human rights and encourage military action as is the case in Middle East and North Africa. Various studies have found that higher military spending have increased civil wars around the world and Ukraine is an example of that as Russia and NATO countries have increased their military arsenal in Europe. EU need to challenge War Profiteers – the industries that both profit and support ongoing cycles of war and violence.

One need to remember that it only takes a few hundred actors who decide to go to war. It is in the interest of the EU to disentangle itself from US strategic plans and from NATO's relentless efforts to outmatch Russia militarily. Isolating Russia cannot bring peace in Europe. EU's alignment with NATO has damaging its credibility and soft power appeal increasing hostilities with Russia. There is a need of EU responding to Russia in a friendly way including perhaps the possibility of it to be a part of the European Union provided it met the block's democratic standards. This will ensure lasting peace in Europe and pave the way for stability in the rest of the world.

Instead of free market and austerity agenda, we need to put pro-people policies in the EU, and revive participatory democracy and economy, which can help to bring levels of equality. The policies of the European Union should reflect the 800 million Europeans living in the continent not just elites and corporations. EU needs to its citizens to be accountable to them and work for them in a transparent and decentralised way.

As per the refugee crisis, the West has to claim its responsibility and acknowledge the fact that the US and NATO countries by continuously bombing Iraq, Libya, Syria, Yemen and Afghanistan and destroying their economy and infrastructure are collectively guilty of creating the refugee crisis. These wars have displaced 60 million people. The West is capable of helping the refugees without straining the resources and furthermore has a legal obligation for their protection under UN convention relating to the status of refugees. EU should also work against exclusion, racism, and discrimination and promote the positive aspects of multiculturalism and cultural diversity in Europe and beyond.

The EU is a work in progress. We live in an increasingly interconnected world. Britain should be leading inside Europe and not watching from out where it will have no say in the decisions that affect jobs, growth, investment and our security without having a voice at the table.

The IN/OUT campaigns need to work together on the essential and urgent EU reforms needed to keep the European Union project relevant to all European citizens, with the UK to take the lead; to put common European interests ahead of narrow national interests; in short reaffirming the foundation *raison d'etre* of the EU. The UK as part of a team of 28 countries can not only preserve peace in Europe but also build a community spirit which can bind all Europe economically, culturally, socially, and politically.

More importantly the UfP “Europe for Peace” campaign aims to create a dialogue between the yes and no campaigns, to work together to create a common vision in which Europe can help humanity survive the current multiple global crisis and build a future, towards liberty, fraternity, equality, a shared European house that is kept in order.

4. A Vision of a United Britain by Combining IN and OUT Campaigns

Nation states unipolarity is in decline and multipolarity and regional organisations like African Union, UNASUR, ASEAN and Pacific Islands Forum have been formed based on the EU model the most successful peace experiment in international co-operation in the world. Countries in other continents are building institutions on the model of EU to pre-empt conflicts before they erupt to guarantee peace, freedom and security.

Let us conclude with an endorsement of the EU against its critics, focusing particularly on Great Britain. Whatever the troubles of the Eurozone, peace is a necessary foundation for prosperity and that economic arguments against the EU will always fall at this hurdle. Acknowledging the union’s difficulties, we suggest new ways in which Europe can overcome its growing pains by adopting a new, de-militarised strategic approach to expansion, internal migration and refugee crisis. Global challenges call for a global, common effort: they will be tackled multilaterally or they will not be tackled at all.

Robert Schuman – a founding father of our European Union – said that "world peace cannot be safeguarded without the making of creative efforts proportionate to the dangers which threaten it." Collectively, we must be more creative than ever to fulfil the ambition that the founding fathers of the European Union visualised seventy years ago.

UK has a clear choice – Better Together, and not isolating itself from the rest of the world. We cannot go back to the 90’s when the Euro and economy of Europe was growing every year. We cannot go back to the 1940’s when Europeans were killing each other. At this moment 40 active conflicts including 11 civil wars are taking place. Let us move away from racial, religious, social and political, sectarianism and hatred which are the cause of 40 active conflicts and 11 civil

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raging in the world including one in Eastern Europe. In an interconnected and complex world, alliances are needed more than ever among continents and civilisations to end conflicts and build partnerships.

Let us vote to continue the peace project that has transformed Europe for the better over the course of post war era making war unthinkable on the continent. A new Europe is emerging, let us build a vibrant Europe on European values, capable of contributing to the establishment of international relations based on peace, mutual respect, economic and social justice. Prosperity is important, but one cannot have prosperity without peace.

5. Urgent Reforms of EU

The EU had achieved 'a miracle' in healing Europe's wounds post-1945, but was now threatened by the rise of populist nationalism in several states. For Europe's sake it was vital UK remained a member. Currently "caught between inter-governmental cooperation and a federal system of democracy, only 'more Europe' and 'more democracy' was the positive way ahead for EU. The Euro, set up on a flawed basis, had caused high unemployment and loss of sovereignty in southern Europe and resentment in northern Europe; its crisis could only be solved by pooling fiscal sovereignty. 'More Europe' also was the only answer to the migration crisis.

The campaign recognises that the EU now faces its greatest ever crisis: the ongoing financial and economic crisis in the Eurozone, the refugee and migrant crisis for the EU borders, and the crisis of confidence in the EU causing the rise of anti-EU populist movements in several EU states. In this context, we believe UK has a vital role to play in solving these problems and helping regeneration of the European Union project. EU needs to rediscover and reaffirm its fundamental mission to guarantee peace, freedom and security in and around Europe.

Over 2016 the "Europe for Peace - Count me in" educational campaign is engaging in a comprehensive programme of political outreach, education and initiating dialogue around the importance of the European Union for Britain and the rest of Europe to remain united to deal with present and future challenges together via dialogue, diplomacy and co-operation.

6. An Educational Campaign for Proposed European Union Goals based on Universal Peace and Tolerance

Proposed European Union Goals

The origins of the European Union lie in the ambition to guarantee peace in Europe. The fact that war between the nations of Europe is no longer conceivable is evidence of its success.

However, in the 21st century, Europeans face new challenges and opportunities. Uniting for Peace and the European Union proposed Mission Statement outlines where action at European level is needed.

-  To guarantee peace, freedom and security in and around Europe.
-  To promote and protect democracy and universal rights in Europe and around the world.
-  To strengthen Europe's economy and to promote solidarity around Europe by working in partnership with national, regional and local government.
-  To make it easy for Europe's citizens to live and work throughout the Union.
-  To promote equality and tolerance of diversity in Europe.
-  To promote and facilitate cooperation between Europeans, at individual, local, regional and national level, and in both the public and private sectors.
-  To protect Europe's environment and combat climate change.
-  To ensure that Europe's voice is heard in the world.
-  To listen to its citizens, be accountable to them and work for them in a transparent and decentralised way.
-  To undertake development aid programmes for poor countries to help them achieve UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDG's)
-  To assist to replicate EU-like structures being created in Africa, the Americas, Asia, Australasia, and the Middle East for peace and prosperity

7. Conclusion

The EU has been a major influence in maintaining peace in Europe post-1945 and developing democracy and human rights, although the UK had mainly seen it as a trade organisation, its primary role. The strength of EU is in working together for the common good. The EU had managed the re-unitification of Germany peacefully, assisted East European members towards stability, and helped Northern Ireland's peace process with finance. The EU should remain united and work strongly for matters of the common people, such as global peace, human rights and climate change.

Notes:

1. Mehta, Vijay, *The Economics of Killing: How the West Fuels War and Poverty in the Developing World*, Pluto Press, London 2012
2. Mehta, Vijay, *Exporting Europe's Peace*,
3. Annual Uniting for Peace Conference on Britain IN/OUT of Europe, What is Best for Peace, House of Lords, House of Lords 9th November 2015
4. Johnson, Alan, Labour In for Britain Campaign

Bio - **Vijay Mehta** is a distinguished author and leading peace activist and a champion for Development and Human Rights. He is the chair of Uniting for Peace (www.unitingforpeace.org) and Founding Trustee of Fortune Forum Charity (www.fortuneforum.org). He is a board member of National Executive of Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament

Working since 1979, Uniting for Peace is a non-profit organisation devoted to creating and promoting a global culture of peace, nonviolence and poverty reduction. The flagship campaign of Uniting for Peace is called 4D for World Peace. It is a campaign to create global frameworks for taking actions on interconnecting global issues of disarming and demilitarising the world and the savings thus achieved to be deployed for development and democracy.

The charity Fortune Forum whose founder is Renu Mehta, daughter of Vijay Mehta, held summits (2005 and 2006) where Former US President Clinton, Former US Vice President Al Gore and Actor Michael Douglas were keynote speakers. The summits raised over a million pounds for charity and attracted a worldwide audience of 1.3 billion people (one fifth of humanity) including print and media coverage.

Vijay Mehta's books include The Economics of Killing (2012), The Fortune Forum Code: For a Sustainable Future (2006), Arms No More (2005) and The United Nations and its Future in the 21st Century (2005).

In 2014, Vijay Mehta's bio, "The Audacity of Dreams" appeared in the book Karma Kurry, published by Jaico Publishing House (India). It included 25 other inspiring change-makers' biographies. Nelson Mandela who wrote the foreword to the book, had this to say, "Ordinary people do extra ordinary things. These stories have that power to inspire people to rise and act, to make a difference." To read Vijay Mehta's full bio, please follow this link: <http://goo.gl/JcUGwr>

He has appeared in various TV programmes including BBC World, Press TV, Aitak-24 hour Indian news channel, and Think Peace documentary, Canada, among others. The Sunday Times, Independent, Observer and Guardian newspapers, among other journals have written about him. His life is devoted to the service of peace, humanity and our planet.

Vijay Mehta is the recipient of the Global Indian Karmaveer (Action hero) Puraskaar (Award) by iCONGO (International Confederation of NGO's). He is now a noble-laureate 2012 – 2013 of the iCONGO team of advisors and mentors (www.icongo.in). It is an award for outstanding luminaries working for peace and social justice. He has been awarded as Global Peace Ambassador by Global Diversity Peace Centre London in 2015

Vijay Mehta's book "**The Economics of Killing: How the West Fuels Wars and Poverty in the Developing World**" is published by Pluto Press (UK) / Palgrave Macmillan (USA) / Amazon (Worldwide). For reviews and endorsements of the book, please visit: www.theeconomicsofkilling.org and was read and commented by figures such as Tony Benn, Mairead Maguire, Alice Walker and Deepak Chopra.

Vijay Mehta's new book "Exporting Europe's Peace" to be published next year makes the case for EU and its preservation of peace in Europe making the war on the continent unthinkable.

"Vijay...a long standing activist for peace, development, human rights and environment"
The Sunday Times Magazine, London 1st February, 2009

"Vijay Mehta lends intellectual credibility to the project and wrote 'The Fortune Forum Code for a Sustainable Future', a sort of manifesto that will underpin the group's future activities."
The Independent, London 26 September 2006

"Thank you for all you do Vijay - both the Organisation and yourself are inspiration and give us all hope that both yourself and Uniting for Peace can bring a world without war. Indeed it is possible, even in our own time."
Mairead Corrigan Maguire, Nobel Peace Laureate (1976)

Vijay Mehta is among the 1,300 Notable Peacemakers Throughout History
http://peace.maripo.com/p_peacemakers.htm

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He is among the 98 Peace Philanthropists around the world.
http://peace.maripo.com/p_philanthropy_bios.htm